

TCFD based reporting

As we understand climate change as a serious risk and threat with high likelihood and impact. We support the adoption of the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). These disclosures provide a global framework for translating information about climate into financial metrics.

It is a key priority of ESG Portfolio Management to measure, understand and report climate related risk of all funds and portfolios. Currently, we publish the carbon intensity of the funds on a monthly basis in our standard report. The managing partner takes ultimate full responsibility.

Our aim is, that our funds have significantly less carbon emissions compared to relevant ESG benchmarks. We are working intensively to further reduce carbon emissions. On the one hand, we engage with companies to achieve this goal. On the other hand, we do not invest in companies with very high emissions or in companies that show no commitment to reduce emissions. We overweight technology leaders which have a competitive advantage in reducing carbon emissions and successfully perform adaptation and mitigation.

ESG Portfolio Management performs climate scenario analysis to assess future climate-related risks and opportunities. At the moment, we work with Bloomberg, Climetrics (part of CDP), MSCI ESG, PACTA and right. based on science.

The company right. based on science calculated in March 2021 that the holdings in both funds cause on average global warming of less than 1.75 degrees.

In December 2020 we received the highest assessment by Climetrics for both funds:



Only 3% of all 19.000 rated funds got
the maximum designation of five leaves.

As an example see this PACTA analysis of our fund SDG Evolution Flexibel:

THE EXPOSURE OF THE PORTFOLIO TO THE SDS IN 2023

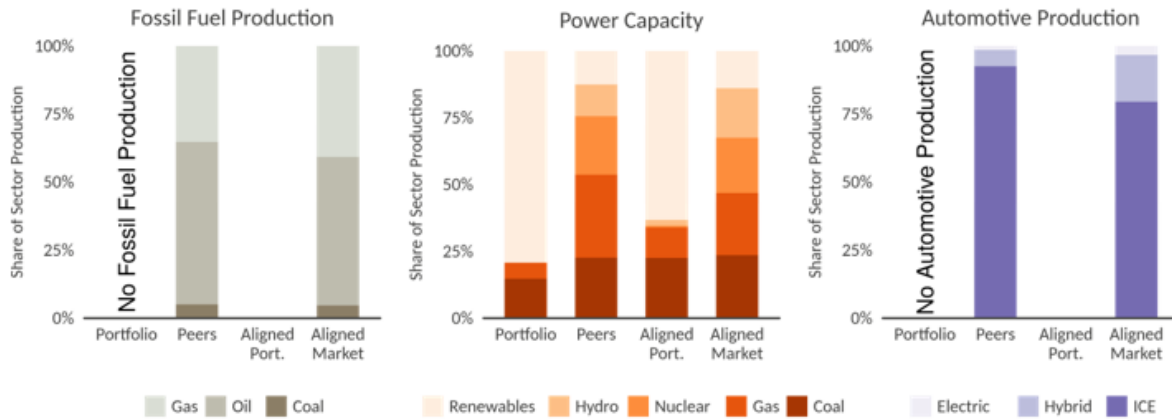
FUTURE TECHNOLOGY SHARE

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The figure below shows the estimated exposure in 2023 to high-carbon and low-carbon technologies for the fossil fuels, power, and automotive sector, in both your corporate bond and equity portfolios.

Corporate Bonds

As highlighted previously, the analysis does not include assumptions around changes in portfolio composition. Rather, it is limited to how the portfolio's exposure to high-carbon and low-carbon technologies is set to change over time as a function of changes in company exposures, independent of portfolio composition changes. The results help contextualize the share of the sectoral exposure in 2023 exposed to transition risks in terms of the share of activities that can be classified as either high-carbon or low-carbon. Given the marginal nature of renewable activities across oil and gas companies, this share has not been considered in the analysis, although it may over time represent a growing share.



Source: 2Dii PACTA MODEL, <https://www.transitionmonitor.com>, as at July 2019